Wave Life Sciences Fourth Quarter and Full Year 2022 Financial Results and Business Update

March 22, 2023



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## Paul Bolno, MD, MBA President and CEO

## Today's agenda





## Wave is building the leading RNA medicines company

- Most versatile RNA medicines platform (PRISM<sup>™</sup>) in the industry ability to match RNA targets to their optimal modality (editing, splicing, silencing) to best address disease biology
- Best-in-class nucleic acid chemistry applicable across modalities
- Novel therapeutic approaches enabling first- or best-in-class candidates
- Platform learnings and clinical validation continue to increase probability of success

Primed to deliver life-changing medicines so that patients and families can realize a brighter future



### 2022 was a transformational year for Wave

Achieved clinical validation of PRISM™ platform	<ul> <li>Highest exon skipping (53%) seen in any DMD clinical trial (WVE-N531)</li> <li>Potent, durable target engagement in CNS after single doses of WVE-003 (HD) or WVE-004 (ALS/FTD)</li> <li>Translation from preclinical models – accurately predicted doses that would engage target</li> </ul>
Leading position in RNA editing	<ul> <li>WVE-006 selected as first RNA editing development candidate for AATD; IND enabling studies underway</li> <li>In vivo proof-of-concept achieved for new applications of RNA editing "AIMers": upregulation and protein-protein modulation</li> </ul>
Growing our high- value pipeline	<ul> <li>Announced transformative collaboration with GSK – expected to add multiple first-in-class programs to Wave pipeline</li> <li>Continuing buildout of wholly owned pipeline; potential for additional exon skipping programs in DMD, as well as RNA editing and RNAi programs</li> </ul>
Well capitalized to execute	<ul> <li>Extended cash runway into 2025, including GSK upfront (\$170M in cash and equity)</li> <li>Executing on GSK collaboration – potential to deliver up to \$3.3B in milestones (not included in cash runway)</li> </ul>

### WVE-N531 gives line-of-sight to significant commercial opportunity

Wave chemistry resulting in differentiated profile for Wave exon skipping oligonucleotides

- Observed 53% exon skipping after three • consecutive doses of WVF-N531
  - Potential to result in meaningful levels of functional dystrophin
  - No peptide or antibody conjugates
- Positive WVE-N531 dystrophin data • opens up significant commercial opportunity for Wave
- Also enables multi-exon development • strategy to build a DMD portfolio
  - In vitro exon skipping data generated with PN-modified compounds across multiple exons



Splicing

# AIMers provide unparalleled mechanistic dexterity to address diseases in novel ways

### WVE-006 for AATD (GalNAc-AIMer)

Poised to be first RNA editing candidate to enter the clinic

Restoration of M-AAT protein validates:

- ✓ RNA editing in AATD
- ✓ RNA editing as new therapeutic modality

Restore or correct protein function

Expanding in multiple therapeutic applications beyond precise correction of single base mutations, including **upregulation** and **modulation of protein interactions** 



### New wholly owned programs with preclinical data to be announced starting in 2023

Editing

Benefits of AIMers as a

modality:



# Potential for best-in-class RNAi enabled by PRISM platform

PRISM chemistry enhances Ago2 loading and tissue exposure – data indicate broad distribution and improvements in potency and durability



GalNAc-siRNA led to unprecedented potency and durability in hepatic silencing in mice across two targets: mouse **Ttr** and human **HSD17B13** 



First *in vivo* study of unconjugated siRNAs demonstrated 70-90% **APP** silencing across six brain regions in mouse CNS at 8 weeks APP silencing in mouse CNS 8 weeks after single ICV dose



ICV: Intracerebroventricular; APP: Amyloid precursor protein ; CNS: central nervous system

B6 mice were administered PBS or 100  $\mu$ g of APP siRNA by ICV injection on day 0 (n=7). Mice euthanized 8 weeks after the administration. Taqman qPCR assays were used for RNA PD, relative fold changes of *App* to *Sfrs9* mRNA normalized to percentage of PBS group. All treated group show *P*≤0.0001 compared to PBS group in 2way ANOVA.

## GSK collaboration expected to yield substantial value for Wave

Maximizes commercial opportunities for WVE-006	<ul> <li>GSK prioritized as partner given expertise in global clinical development, commercialization and respiratory outcomes studies</li> <li>Wave maintains control of program through first-in-patient study for AATD</li> </ul>
Unlocks additional PRISM capabilities & modalities	<ul> <li>Collaboration may leverage all Wave modalities, including growing RNA editing and RNAi capabilities</li> <li>Opportunities with GalNAc in liver, as well as across disease areas outside liver</li> </ul>
Accelerates transformative RNA therapeutics	<ul> <li>GSK novel insights on genetic targets enables multitude of first-in- class opportunities – both rare and prevalent indications</li> <li>Ongoing milestone payments (up to \$3.3B) support buildout of differentiated Wave pipeline</li> </ul>



## Broad range of addressable targets and markets for Wave

## Additional Exons for DMD

- Multi-exon portfolio unlocked with dystrophin data for WVE-N531
- >80% of DMD population estimated to be amenable to exon skipping
- In vitro data generated for PNmodified compounds across multiple exons beyond exon 53

### Inborn Errors of Metabolism

- Rare genetic disorders leading to accumulation of toxic metabolites
- Upregulation approaches may allow mutation-independent strategies that increase total addressable patient populations
- Many addressable through GalNAc-mediated delivery

### Cardiometabolic Conditions

- Genetically validated targets, including hepatokines
- Highly prevalent conditions affecting >10% of adults in the US and Europe
- Associated with significant mortality and economic burden
- Addressable through GalNAcmediated delivery

Splicing

#### RNA Editing (Correction, Upregulation)

#### **RNA Editing and RNAi**

### Potential to expand wholly owned pipeline in variety of tissues, including CNS



## Growing portfolio of differentiated RNA medicines

Program	Discovery	Preclinical	Clinical	Rights	Patient Population (US & Europe)
SPLICING					
<b>WVE-N531</b> Exon 53 (DMD)			Phase 1/2	100% global	2.3К
Other exons (DMD)				100% global	Up to 18K
RNA EDITING					
WVE-006 SERPINA1 (AATD)				GSK exclusive global license	200K
Multiple				100% global	-
SILENCING: ANTISENSE					
<b>WVE-003</b> mHTT (HD)			Phase 1/2	Takeda 50:50 Option	25K Manifest (SNP3) 60K Pre-Manifest (SNP3)
WVE-004 C9orf72 (ALS and FTD)			Phase 1/2	Takeda 50:50 Option	4K (C9-ALS) 26K (C9-FTD)
SCA3 (ATXN3)				Takeda 50:50 Option	8K
SILENCING: RNAi					
Multiple				100% global	-
Through GSK collaboration, Wave can advance up to three programs and GSK can advance up to eight collaboration programs					

AATD: Alpha-1 antitrypsin deficiency; DMD: Duchenne muscular dystrophy; HD: Huntington's disease; ALS: Amyotrophic lateral sclerosis; FTD: Frontotemporal dementia; SCA3: Spinocerebellar ataxia 3

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### Anne-Marie Li-Kwai-Cheung Chief Development Officer

### Executing on our differentiated pipeline

WVE-N531 Exon 53-amenable Duchenne muscular dystrophy	WVE-006 (GalNAc AIMer) Alpha-1 antitrypsin deficiency	WVE-003 (allele-selective) SNP3 Huntington's disease	WVE-004 C9orf72-associated ALS/FTD
<ul> <li>Announced positive</li> <li>PoC data in Dec. 2022</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>IND-enabling studies</li></ul>	<ul> <li>Delivered first clinical</li></ul>	<ul> <li>Delivered first clinical</li></ul>
	underway	data in Sept. 2022	data in Apr. 2022
<ul> <li>Initiating Part B (Phase 2) to evaluate</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>CTA filings expected</li></ul>	<ul> <li>SAD cohort expansion</li></ul>	<ul> <li>Enrollment in SAD and</li></ul>
	2H 2023	ongoing	MAD cohorts completed
dystrophin		<ul> <li>Data expected 1H 2023</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Data expected 1H 2023</li> </ul>





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### Splicing

# WVE-N531 in DMD: Delivered positive proof-of-concept data in 4Q 2022

- High exon skipping and muscle concentrations after three biweekly 10 mg/kg doses
- Similar exon skipping regardless of mutation
  - Patient 1: del48-52
  - Patient 2: del45-52
  - Patient 3: del51-52
- PK analysis indicated 25-day half-life in plasma
- WVE-N531 appeared safe and well-tolerated

Patient	Tissue Source	Tissue concentration (µg/g)	% Exon skipping by RT-PCR	Dystrophin by Western blot (% of normal)
1	Deltoid	85.5	61.5	0.24
2	Deltoid	33.5	49.8	0.23
3	Bicep	8.3	47.9	0.34
		Mean muscle concentration: 42 µg/g	Mean exon skipping: 53%	Mean dystrophin: 0.27% of normal (BLQ)

Data presented March 22, 2023 at Muscular Dystrophy Association Clinical and Scientific Conference



# Dystrophin protein is expected to accumulate following prolonged exposure



Hildyard et al., 2020 PLoS One doi: 10.1371/journal.pone.0239467; Tennyson et al., 1995 Nat Genetics doi: 10.1038/ng0295-184; Tennyson et al., 1996. Nuc Acids Res doi: 10.1093/nar/24.15.3059

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### Initiating Part B of WVE-N531 clinical trial



- Design: Phase 2, open-label, 10 mg/kg every other week, up to 10 patients
- Endpoints: Dystrophin (powered for >5% of normal), safety/tolerability, pharmacokinetics, functional assessments (incl. NSAA and others)
- Biopsies:
  - After 24 weeks of treatment
  - After 48 weeks of treatment
- Data expected in 2024

# WVE-006 in AATD: First-in-class RNA editing candidate approaching the clinic

Potentially comprehensive approach to address both lung and liver manifestations of AATD



CTA submissions for first-in-human study expected in 2H 2023



AATD: Alpha-1 antitrypsin deficiency; M-AAT protein: wild-type AAT protein; WVE-006 administered subcutaneously (10 mg/kg bi-weekly) in 7-week old NSG-PiZ mice (n=5 per group); Loading dose: 3 x 10 mg/kg at Day 0. Left: Liver biopsies collected at wk 13 (1 wk after last dose) and SERPINA1 editing quantified by Sanger sequencing; Right: Total serum AAT protein quantified by ELISA; Stats: Two-Way ANOVA with adjustment for multiple comparisons (Tukey)

Editing

### WVE-003 in HD: Delivered target engagement data in Q3 2022

- mHTT protein reductions • observed in single dose cohorts (Sep. 2022)
- wtHTT protein levels appear • consistent with allele-selectivity
- Generally safe and • well-tolerated
- Data expected in 1H 2023 • from following cohorts:
  - 30 mg single dose
  - 60 mg single dose \_
  - 90 mg single dose

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Silencing

# WVE-004 in C9-ALS/FTD: Successful translation of preclinical data to clinic

- PK/PD modeling using preclinical *in vivo* models predicted pharmacodynamically active starting dose
- Study ongoing with data expected in 1H 2023 from following cohorts:
  - 20 mg single dose
  - 30 mg single dose
  - 60 mg single dose
  - 10 mg monthly dosing
  - 10 mg quarterly dosing

#### Target engagement in patients supported advancing FOCUS-C9 clinical study



### WAVE.

PK: pharmacokinetic PD: pharmacodynamic; Right: Mixed model for repeated measures used to estimate geometric mean ratio to baseline via least squares mean and to calculate p-values. P-values represented by asterisks are for within-dose group geometric mean ratios. \*p<0.05, \*\*p<0.01, \*\*\*p<0.001. Poly(GP) assay: Wilson et al., 2022 J Neurol NeuroSurg Psychiatry doi:10.1136/jnnp-2021-328710. Data cut-off: March 24, 2022 Silencing

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Kyle Moran, CFA Chief Financial Officer

### Fourth quarter 2022 financial results

Figures are in thousands, e	except per share amounts	Three Months Ended December 31, 2022	Three Months Ended December 31, 2021
Revenue		\$1,239	\$1,765
Operating Expense	es:		
Research and De	evelopment	31,078	25,761
General and Adr	ninistrative	13,724	12,114
Total Operating Ex	penses	44,802	37,875
Net Loss from Ope	rations	(43,563)	(36,110)
<b>Total Other Incom</b>	e, Net	535	1,121
Income Tax Benef	it (Provision)	(681)	204
Net Loss		(\$43,709)	(\$34,785)
Net Loss per Share	2	(\$0.47)	(\$0.61)
As of Dec 31, 2022	Ordinary Shares Outstanding: 86.92 million	Cash and Cash	Equivalents: \$88.5 million
In Q1 2023	Ordinary Shares Issued to GSK: 10.68 million	Cash from GSK Col	laboration: \$170.0 million



Wave expects that its cash and cash equivalents will be sufficient to fund operations into 2025.

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## Paul Bolno, MD, MBA President and CEO

### Delivering on pipeline and platform catalysts

ANTISENSE SILENCING	SPLICING	RNA EDITING	RNAi	
WVE-003 for HD Only clinical stage wtHTT-sparing approach WVE-004 for ALS/FTD Variant-selective approach for C9orf72 Data expected 1H 2023 Enables discussion on next steps with Takeda	<text><text></text></text>	WVE-006 for AATDMost advanced RNA editing candidate & potential best-in-class approach for AATDWVE-006 CTA submissions expected in 2H 2023Expansion opportunities in liver, CNS and kidney	Newest modality in Wave platform Preclinical data suggest best-in-class potential for Wave RNAi capability Hepatic, CNS and beyond	
DISCOVERY PIPELINE & COLLABORATIONS				

New wholly owned programs with preclinical data expected to be announced starting in 2023

Research support funding and potential for milestone payments from GSK collaboration (2023 and beyond)







### For more information:

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