

**UNITED STATES  
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION**  
Washington, D.C. 20549

**Form 8-K**

**CURRENT REPORT**  
**Pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d)**  
**of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934**

**Date of Report (Date of earliest event reported): January 8, 2024**

**WAVE LIFE SCIENCES LTD.**

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

**Singapore**  
(State or other jurisdiction  
of incorporation)

**001-37627**  
(Commission  
File Number)

**98-1356880**  
(IRS Employer  
Identification No.)

**7 Straits View #12-00, Marina One**  
**East Tower**  
**Singapore**  
(Address of principal executive offices)

**018936**  
(Zip Code)

**Registrant's telephone number, including area code: +65 6236 3388**

Check the appropriate box below if the Form 8-K filing is intended to simultaneously satisfy the filing obligation of the registrant under any of the following provisions (see General Instruction A.2. below):

- Written communications pursuant to Rule 425 under the Securities Act (17 CFR 230.425)
- Soliciting material pursuant to Rule 14a-12 under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.14a-12)
- Pre-commencement communications pursuant to Rule 14d-2(b) under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.14d-2(b))
- Pre-commencement communications pursuant to Rule 13e-4(c) under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.13e-4(c))

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is an emerging growth company as defined in Rule 405 of the Securities Act of 1933 (§230.405 of this chapter) or Rule 12b-2 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (§240.12b-2 of this chapter).

Emerging growth company

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act.

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:

Title of each class	Trading symbol	Name of each exchange on which registered
\$0 Par Value Ordinary Shares	WVE	The Nasdaq Global Market

**Item 7.01 Regulation FD Disclosure.**

From time to time, Wave Life Sciences Ltd. (the “Company”) presents and/or distributes slides and presentations to the investment community to provide updates and summaries of its business. On January 8, 2024, the Company updated its corporate presentation, which is available on the “For Investors & Media” section of the Company’s website at <http://ir.wavelifesciences.com/>. This presentation is also furnished as Exhibit 99.1 to this Current Report on Form 8-K.

*The information in this Item 7.01 and exhibit 99.1 attached hereto is being furnished and shall not be deemed “filed” for purposes of Section 18 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the “Exchange Act”), or otherwise subject to the liabilities of that Section, nor shall it be deemed incorporated by reference into any registration statement or other filing under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, or the Exchange Act, except as shall be expressly set forth by specific reference in such filing.*

**Item 9.01 Financial Statements and Exhibits.**

(d) Exhibits.

The following exhibit relating to Item 7.01 is furnished and not filed:

<b>Exhibit No.</b>	<b>Description</b>
99.1	<a href="#">Corporate Presentation of Wave Life Sciences Ltd. dated January 8, 2024</a>
104	Cover Page Interactive Data File (embedded within the Inline XBRL document)

**SIGNATURES**

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned hereunto duly authorized.

**WAVE LIFE SCIENCES LTD.**

By: /s/ Kyle Moran

Kyle Moran  
Chief Financial Officer

Date: January 8, 2024



**Wave Life Sciences**  
Corporate Presentation

January 8, 2024

## Forward-looking statements

This document contains forward-looking statements. All statements other than statements of historical facts contained in this document, including statements regarding possible or assumed future results of operations, preclinical and clinical studies, business strategies, research and development plans, collaborations and partnerships, regulatory activities and timing thereof, competitive position, potential growth opportunities, use of proceeds and the effects of competition are forward-looking statements. These statements involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other important factors that may cause the actual results, performance or achievements of Wave Life Sciences Ltd. (the "Company") to be materially different from any future results, performance or achievements expressed or implied by the forward-looking statements. In some cases, you can identify forward-looking statements by terms such as "may," "will," "should," "expect," "plan," "aim," "anticipate," "could," "intend," "target," "project," "contemplate," "believe," "estimate," "predict," "potential" or "continue" or the negative of these terms or other similar expressions. The forward-looking statements in this presentation are only predictions. The Company has based these forward-looking statements largely on its current expectations and projections about future events and financial trends that it believes may affect the Company's business, financial condition and results of operations. These forward-looking statements speak only as of the date of this presentation and are subject to a number of risks, uncertainties and assumptions, including those listed under Risk Factors in the Company's Form 10-K and other filings with the SEC, some of which cannot be predicted or quantified and some of which are beyond the Company's control. The events and circumstances reflected in the Company's forward-looking statements may not be achieved or occur, and actual results could differ materially from those projected in the forward-looking statements. Moreover, the Company operates in a dynamic industry and economy. New risk factors and uncertainties may emerge from time to time, and it is not possible for management to predict all risk factors and uncertainties that the Company may face. Except as required by applicable law, the Company does not plan to publicly update or revise any forward-looking statements contained herein, whether as a result of any new information, future events, changed circumstances or otherwise.

## Building a leading RNA medicines company

DMD (splicing), HD (silencing), and AATD (RNA editing) clinical programs advancing

INHBE program, obesity (siRNA), muscle sparing, fat loss, improved metabolic profile

Multi-modal drug discovery and development platform

Leader in RNA editing with best-in-class oligonucleotide chemistry

In-house GMP manufacturing; Strong and broad IP portfolio

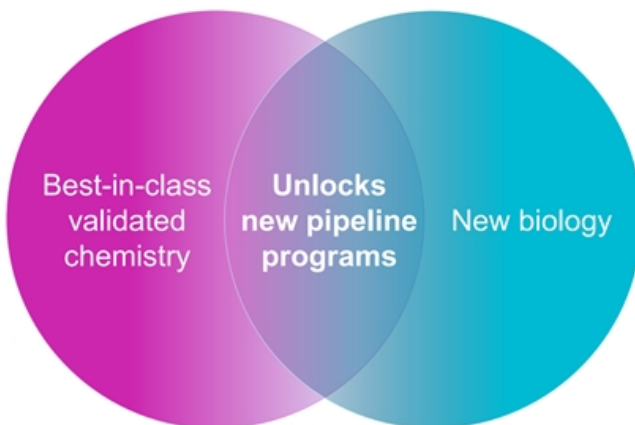
Strategic collaborations to expand and advance pipeline

Well-capitalized with cash runway into 4Q 2025\*

### Anticipated Upcoming Milestones

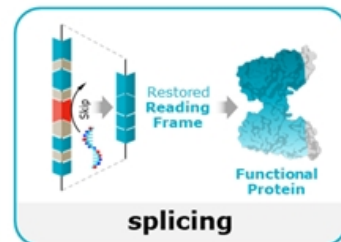
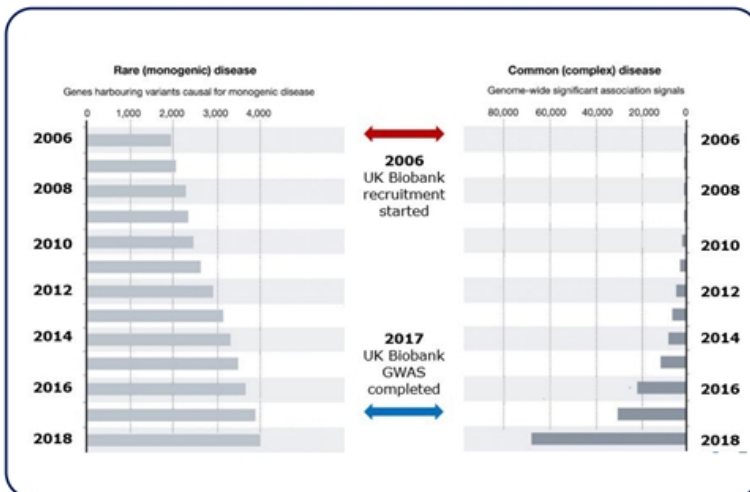
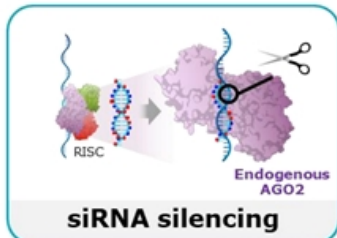
- Proof-of-mechanism data from RestorAATion clinical program of WVE-006 for AATD in 2024
- Select INHBE clinical candidate for obesity in 3Q 2024 and submit CTA in 2025
- Data from FORWARD-53 clinical trial of WVE-N531 for DMD in 3Q 2024
- Data from SELECT-HD clinical trial of WVE-003 for HD in 2Q 2024

# Combining best-in-class chemistry with novel biology and genetic insights: Opportunities for new high-impact medicines



- Accessing new endogenous enzymes for novel modalities (RNA editing)
- Opening up new targets, including prevalent diseases


# Wave's versatile RNA medicines platform ideal for capitalizing on new genetic insights in rare and common diseases



Accessing UK Biobank and building proprietary machine learning models to generate unique genetic insights



# Robust RNA medicines pipeline including first-in-class RNA editing programs

Program	Discovery	Preclinical	Clinical	Rights	Patient population (US & Europe)
<b>RNA EDITING</b>					
WVE-006 SERPINA1 (AATD)		RestorAATion Clinical Program		GSK exclusive global license	200K
Multiple undisclosed Correction				100% global	>20K (multiple)
Multiple undisclosed Upregulation				100% global	>3M (multiple)
<b>SILENCING: siRNA</b>					
INHBE (Obesity and other metabolic disorders)				100% global	47M
<b>SPLICING</b>					
WVE-N531 Exon 53 (DMD)			FORWARD-53 Trial (Phase 2)	100% global	2.3K
Other exons (DMD)				100% global	Up to 18K
<b>SILENCING: ANTISENSE</b>					
WVE-003 mHTT (HD)			SELECT-HD Trial (Phase 1b/2a)	Takeda 50:50 Option	25K Manifest (SNP3) 60K Pre-Manifest (SNP3)



Editing for correction



Editing for upregulation



AATD: Alpha-1 antitrypsin deficiency; DMD: Duchenne muscular dystrophy; HD: Huntington's disease

# Strategic collaboration with GSK to develop transformative RNA medicines

## Collaboration Highlights

- \$170 million upfront<sup>1</sup>
- Additional research funding
- Potential for up to \$3.3 billion in milestones<sup>2</sup>
- Leverage GSK's expertise in genetics and genomics

Maximize global potential for WVE-006 for AATD

Advance up to eight GSK collaboration programs

Expand Wave's pipeline

Up to \$505 million in additional milestones and **tiered royalties on net sales**

Up to \$2.8 billion in total milestones and **tiered royalties on net sales**

Wave to advance up to **three wholly owned collaboration programs** (or more with GSK's consent)<sup>3</sup>

Recent Highlights



**\$20 million milestone** achieved with first individual dosing in 4Q 2023



Advancing work on **multiple targets spanning multiple modalities** beyond RNA editing, including siRNA



**INHBE is Wave's first wholly owned program** emerging from GSK collaboration

**WVE-006**  
**(RNA editing)**

AATD

# WVE-006: Designed to correct mutant SERPINA1 transcript to address both liver and lung manifestations of AATD

## WVE-006 for AATD



SERPINA1 Z allele mRNA encodes Z-AAT protein with E342K mutation

**WVE-006**  
(GalNAc-conjugated AlMer)



Edited SERPINA1 mRNA enables wild-type M-AAT protein production

## WVE-006 ADAR editing approach to address key goals of AATD treatment:

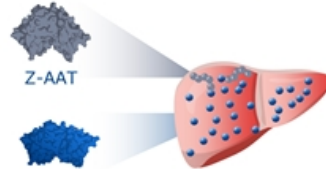
**1) Restore** circulating, functional wild-type M-AAT

**2) Reduce** Z-AAT protein aggregation in liver

**3) Retain** M-AAT physiological regulation



M-AAT reaches lungs to protect from proteases



RNA correction replaces mutant Z-AAT protein with wild-type M-AAT protein



M-AAT secretion into bloodstream

**200,000 Pi\*ZZ patients in US and Europe**

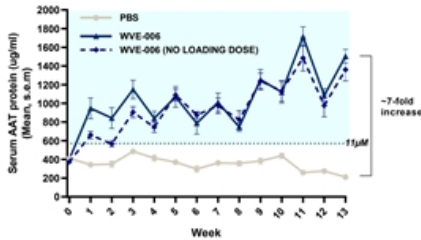
# WVE-006 in AATD: First-in-class RNA editing clinical candidate

Potentially comprehensive approach to address both lung and liver manifestations of AATD



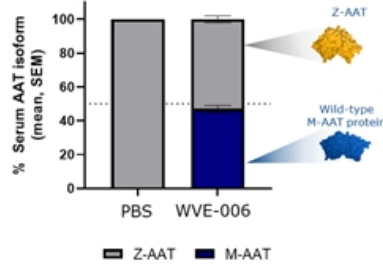
**Increased AAT protein in NSG-PiZ mice**

WVE-006 treatment results in serum AAT protein levels of up to 30 uM in NSG-PiZ mice



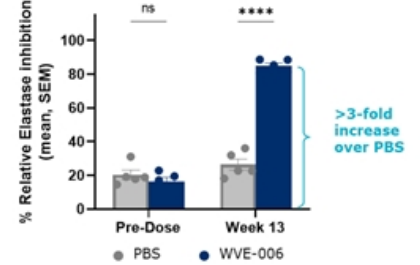
**Confirmed restored wild-type M-AAT protein**

Overall percentages of serum AAT protein isoforms in NSG-PiZ mice (Week 13)



**Demonstrated functionality of M-AAT protein**

Serum neutrophil elastase inhibition activity in NSG-PiZ mice



~50% editing supports restoration of MZ phenotype

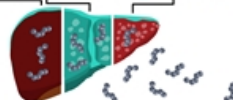


AATD: Alpha-1 antitrypsin deficiency; M-AAT protein: wild-type AAT protein; WVE-006 administered subcutaneously (10 mg/kg bi-weekly) in 7-week old NSG-PiZ mice (n=5 per group); Loading dose: 3 x 10 mg/kg at Day 0. Left: Liver biopsies collected at wk 13 (1 wk after last dose) and SERPINA1 editing quantified by Sanger sequencing; Right: Total serum AAT protein quantified by ELISA; Stats: Two-Way ANOVA with adjustment for multiple comparisons (Tukey)

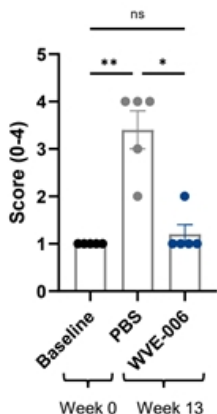
# WVE-006 decreases lobular inflammation and PAS-D globule size, prevents increase in hepatocyte turnover

Correction of gain-of-function liver phenotypes

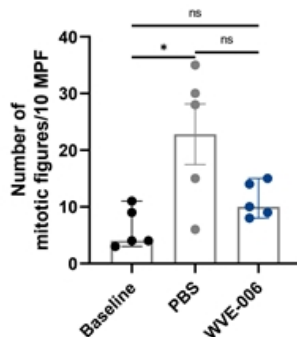
Fibrosis → Cirrhosis → Hepatocellular Carcinoma



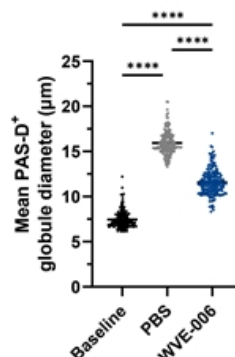
**Lobular inflammation**  
(NSG PiZ mice, week 13)



**Mitoses**  
(NSG PiZ mice, week 13)



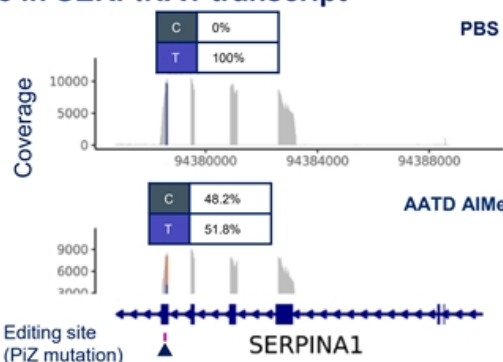
**PAS-D-positive globule size**  
(NSG PiZ mice, week 13)



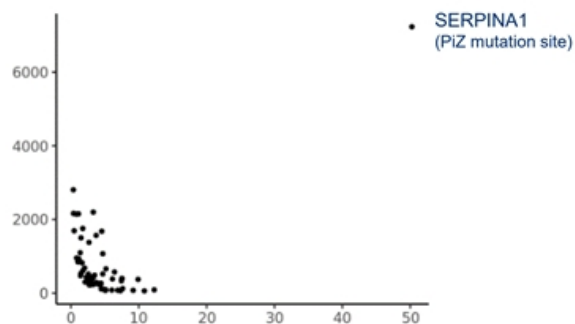
Left (Lobular inflammation) and Middle (Mitoses): Scatter plot showing inflammation grade or mitoses score. Each circle represents an individual mouse, (Mean ± SEM); Right (PAS-D Globule Size): 40 largest globules in each of 5 mice were measured. Each circle represents a single PAS-D globule, (Mean ± SEM). Baseline: week 0 (7 weeks old); Treated week 13 (20 weeks old); Stats: Kruskal-Wallis followed by Dunn's test

# AIMer-directed editing is highly specific in mice

## RNA editing only detected at PiZ mutation site in SERPINA1 transcript

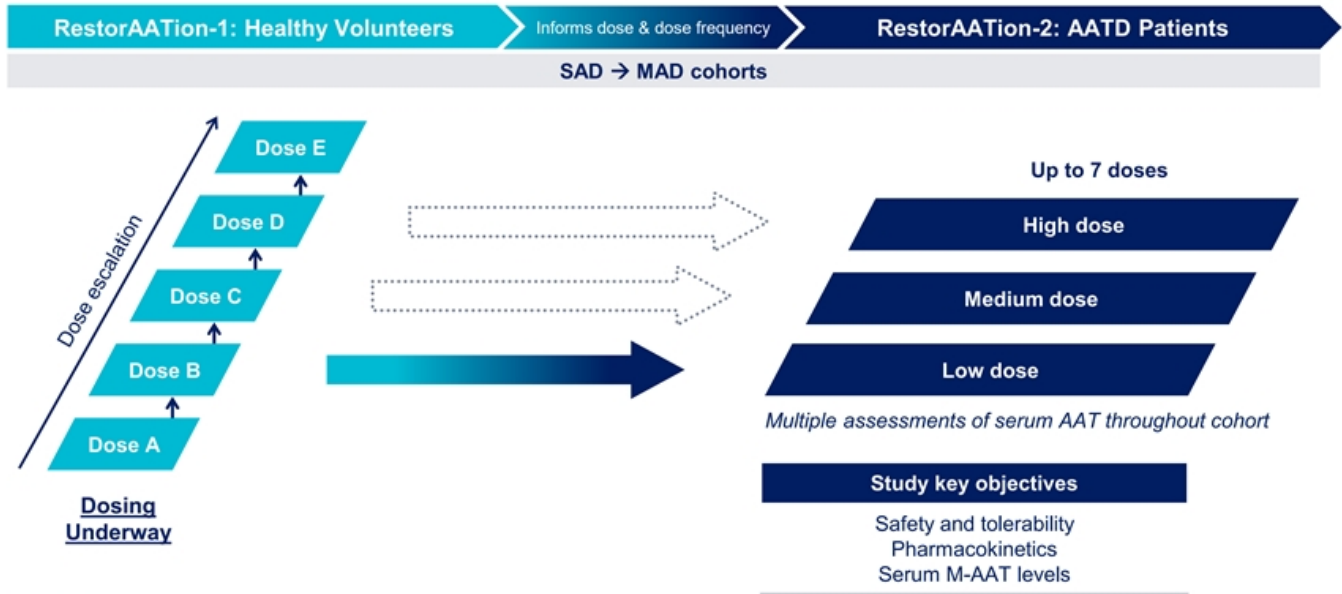


## RNA editing across transcriptome



No bystander editing observed on SERPINA1 transcript

# Proof-of-mechanism data from RestorAATion-2 expected in 2024





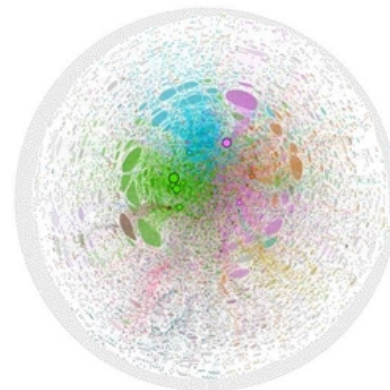
# AIMers

RNA editing capability

## The AIMer-targetable 'Edit-Verse' is substantial

- The Edit-verse is the editable gene-disease universe, including upregulation
- **>13,000 genes** with a high-probability<sup>1</sup> of being amenable to transcriptional regulation with A-to-G editing
- Model development ongoing to expand access to **more protein-coding genes** and expand the Edit-verse
- AIMers are expected to be able to target ~50% of the transcriptome

### Gene-Disease Network



# Innovating on applications of ADAR beyond restoring protein function

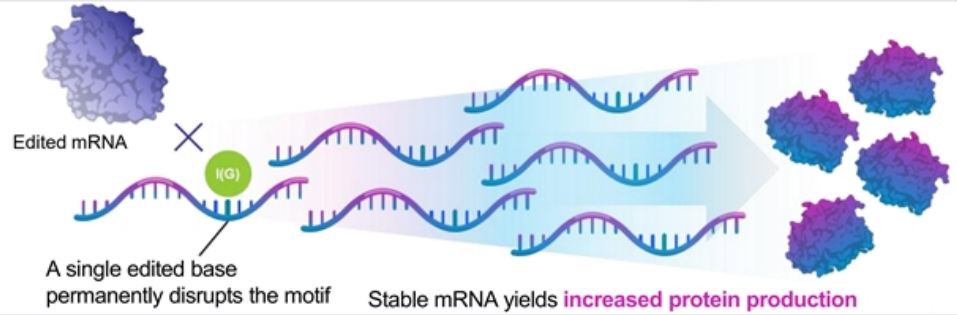
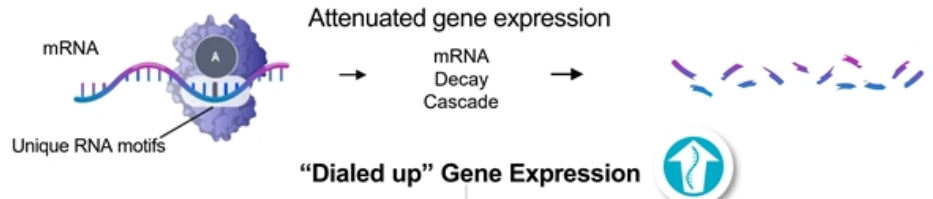
## Restore or correct protein function



- Correct G-to-A driver mutations with AIMers

WVE-006  
(GalNAc-AIMer)  
AATD

## Upregulate expression to increase endogenous protein activity



## Multiple RNA editing opportunities to build high-value pipeline beyond WVE-006

Potential to advance any combination of targets into preclinical development

	Hepatic (GalNAc-AIMers)				Extra-Hepatic (AIMers)	
	Target A	Target B	Target X	Target E	Target F	Target G
<b>Approach</b>	Upregulation	Upregulation	Upregulation	Correction	Upregulation	Correction
<b>Tissue</b>	Liver	Liver	Liver	Liver	Kidney	Lung
<b>Therapeutic Area</b>	Metabolic	Metabolic	Renal	Rare	Renal	Rare
<b>Estimated Patients (US and Europe)</b>	~90M	~3M	~170K	~17K	~85K	~5K

- The Edit-verse is substantial and still expanding
- Advancing work for a diverse set of undisclosed targets addressing areas of high unmet need, including both rare and prevalent diseases



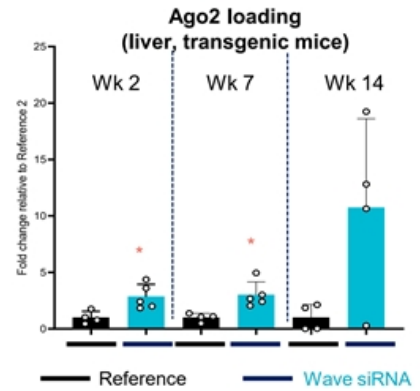
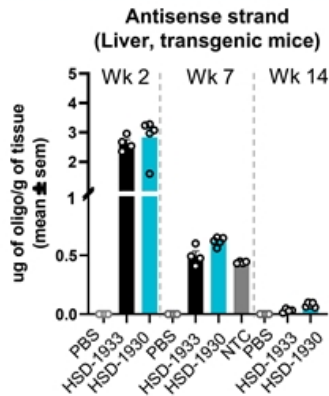
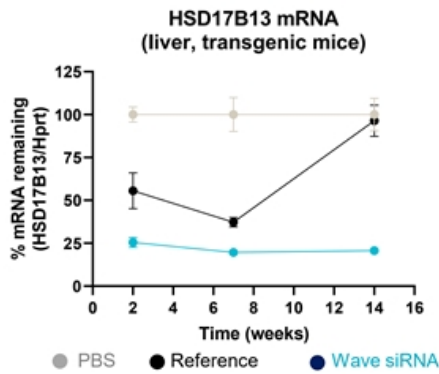
## **INHBE program (siRNA silencing)**

Obesity and other metabolic disorders

# Potential for best-in-class siRNA enabled by Wave's PRISM platform

**Nucleic Acids Research**  
 Impact of stereopure chimeric backbone chemistries on the potency and durability of gene silencing by RNA interference

- Unprecedented Ago2 loading increases potency and durability of silencing following administration of single subcutaneous dose



siRNA silencing is one of multiple Wave modalities being advanced in strategic research collaboration with GSK



Left, Middle, and right: Mice expressing human HSD17B13 transgene treated with siRNA (3 mg/kg) or PBS, liver mRNA, guide strand concentration, Ago2 loading quantified. Stats: Two-way ANOVA with post-hoc test \* P<0.05, \*\*\*\*P<0.0001. Liu et al., 2023 Nuc Acids Res doi: 10.1093/nar/gkad268;

# Driven by clinical genetics, Wave's first RNAi program addresses high unmet need in obesity

INHBE program (GalNAc siRNA) is Wave's first wholly owned program emerging from GSK collaboration

## GLP-1 receptor agonists have several reported limitations

- × Lead to weight loss at the expense of muscle mass<sup>1</sup>
- × Suppress general reward system<sup>4</sup>
- × Associated with poor tolerability profile<sup>4</sup> with 68% drop-off after 1 year<sup>3</sup>
- × Discontinuation of therapy leads to rapid weight regain

Wave's INHBE siRNA program may address these limitations and / or work synergistically with GLP-1s

## INHBE silencing expected to induce fat loss, while maintaining muscle mass

- siRNA to silence INHBE gene is expected to recapitulate the healthy metabolic profile of INHBE loss of function (LoF) heterozygous human carriers, including:<sup>1,2,3</sup>
  - ✓ Reduced waist-to-hip ratio
  - ✓ Reduced serum triglycerides
  - ✓ Reduced odds ratio of type 2 diabetes and coronary artery disease by >25%
  - ✓ Elevated HDL-c
- INHBE expressed primarily in liver and gene product (activin E) acts on its receptor in adipose tissue<sup>4</sup>
- Lowering of INHBE mRNA or blocking of its receptor promotes fat burning (lipolysis) and decreases fat accumulation (adiposity)<sup>5,6</sup>

≥50% reduction of INHBE in patients expected to restore and maintain a healthy metabolic profile

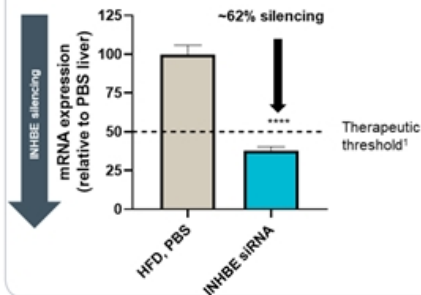


1. Sargeant, et al. 2019 Endocrinol Metab (Seoul) 34(3):247-262; 2. Prime Therapeutics Claims Analysis, July 2023; 3. Müller, et al. 2019 Molecular Metabolism 30: 72-130.

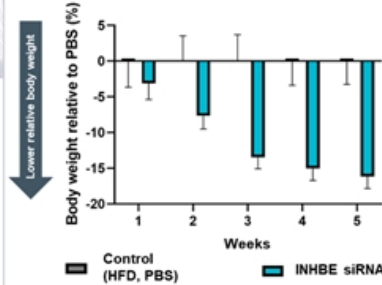
1. Nat Commun 2022. <https://doi.org/10.1038/s41467-022-32398-7>; 2. Nat Commun 2022. <https://doi.org/10.1038/s41467-022-31757-8>; 3. PLOS ONE 2018. <https://doi.org/10.1371/journal.pone.0194798>; 4. Adam, RC, et al. Proc Natl Acad Sci USA. 2023. 120(32): e2309967120; 5. Yogosawa et al. 2013 <https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pmc/articles/PMC3526038/>; 6. Zhao et al. 2023 <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/36626233/>

# INHBE silencing achieved *in vivo* with GalNAc-siRNA led to lower body weight and significant decrease in visceral fat

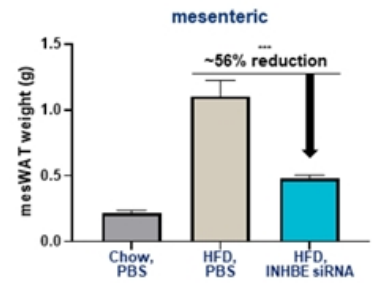
## INHBE mRNA silencing demonstrated at 5 weeks



## INHBE silencing led to 16% lower body weight as compared to control



## INHBE silencing leads to significant decrease in visceral fat at 5 weeks

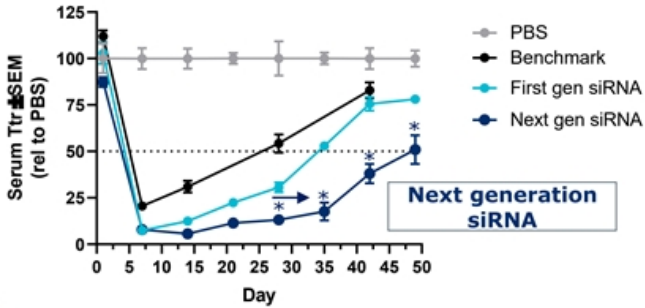


Results of *in vivo* preclinical study are consistent with UK Biobank human data on loss-of-function carriers



# INHBE candidate for obesity expected in 3Q 2024; CTA expected in 2025

## Next generation siRNA results in more potent and durable target knockdown



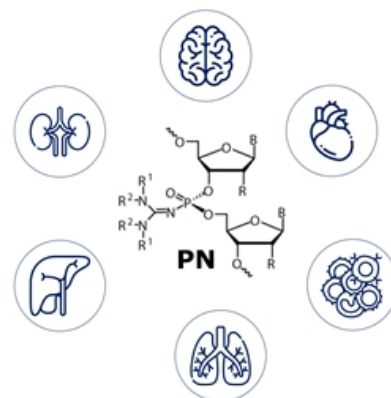
## Applying next-generation siRNA chemistry to INHBE program

- ✓ Potent and highly specific INHBE leads identified
- ✓ GalNac-conjugated for targeted delivery to liver
- ✓ Potential for infrequent administration

## Wave's next generation GalNac-siRNA demonstrates best-in-class potential

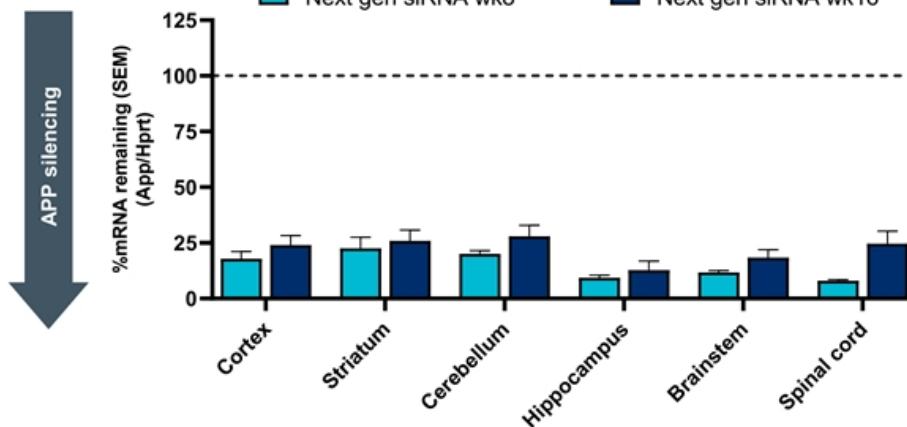
## Wave's platform chemistry enables siRNA extra-hepatic delivery

- Chemical impact
  - Introduction of neutral backbone
  - Unique structural feature of PN, specifically guanidine
  - Increased lipophilicity
  - Stereochemistry
- Extra-hepatic delivery
  - Titrating siRNA lipophilicity tunable PNs (PN variants)
  - Maintaining high Ago2 loading and intracellular trafficking
  - Titrating plasma protein binding
  - Altered delivery, enhanced potency and durability in various tissues

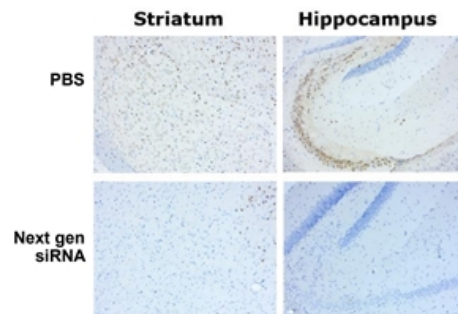


**PN can tune extra-hepatic delivery of siRNA using rational design, including placement, number of modifications and PN variants**

# Single dose of next generation siRNA delivers broad, potent and durable CNS target engagement



Robust target engagement translates to substantial App protein reduction across brain regions 8-weeks post single dose



Sustained APP knockdown of at least 75% throughout the 16-week study *in vivo* in mice

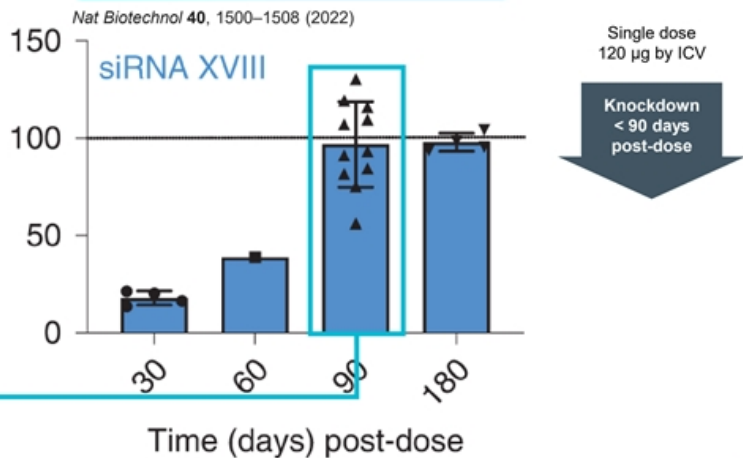
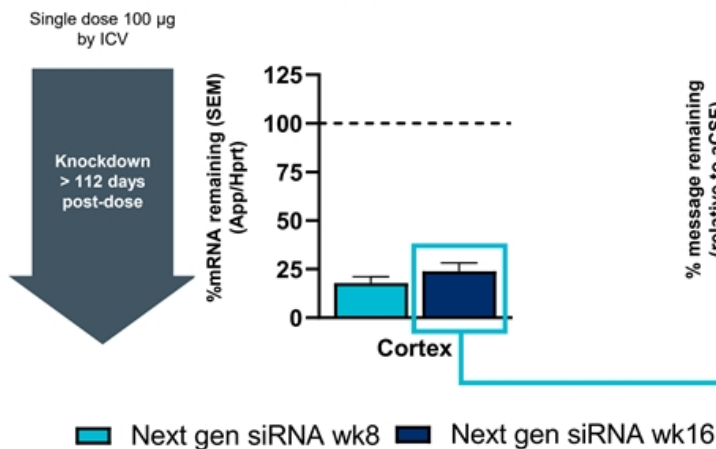


PBS (dotted line) or 100 µg of App siRNA administered ICV (n=7). PCR assays for RNA PD, relative fold changes of App to Hprt mRNA normalized to % of PBS; Stats: Three-way ANOVA followed by Bonferroni-adjusted post hoc test comparing condition to PBS (data not shown). Next gen siRNA significantly lower than PBS at both time points for all tissues at P < 0.0001 level; Immunohistochemical analysis of FFPE Mouse Brain tissue labeling App protein (Color Brown) with CS#19389 followed by a ready to use Polymer-HRP 2<sup>nd</sup> Detection antibody. Nuclei were counterstained with Hematoxylin (Color Blue). Single 100 µg ICV injection

# Wave siRNA demonstrates more potent and durable silencing as compared to published state-of-the-art

## Wave (APP – Cortex)

## Alnylam (APP – Cortex)

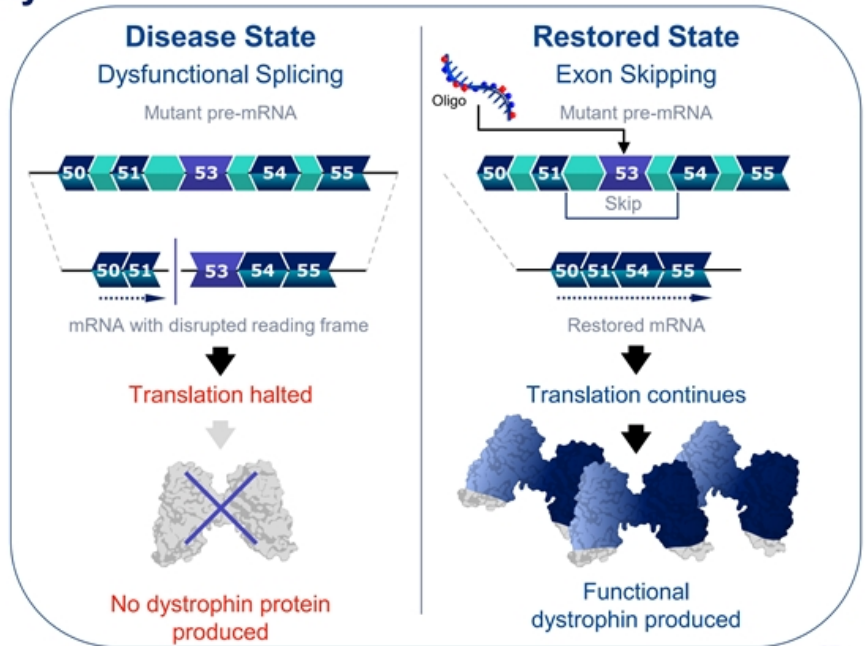


# WVE-N531 (splicing)

Duchenne muscular dystrophy

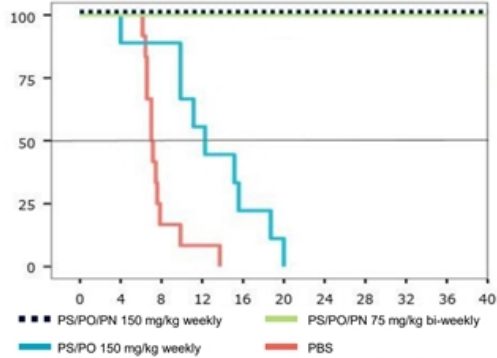
# Duchenne muscular dystrophy

- Genetic mutation in dystrophin gene prevents the production of dystrophin protein, a critical component of healthy muscle function
- Impacts approx. 1 in every 5,000 newborn boys each year; approx. 20,000 new cases annually worldwide
  - Approx. 8-10% are amenable to exon 53 skipping
- Dystrophin protein established by FDA as surrogate endpoint reasonably likely to predict benefit in boys<sup>1</sup> for accelerated approval in DMD
- Increasing amount of functional dystrophin expression over minimal amount shown with approved therapies is expected to result in greater benefit for boys with DMD



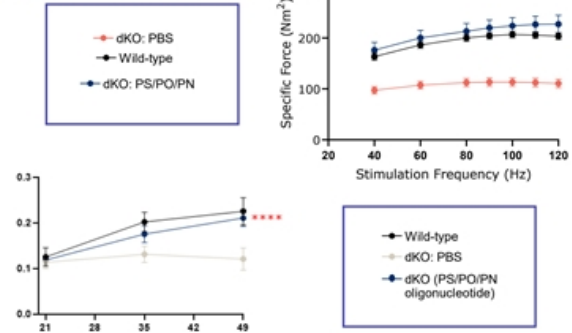
# Extended survival in dKO preclinical model supports potential of Wave's PN-modified exon-skipping therapeutics for DMD

## 100% survival at time of study termination



Note: Untreated, age-matched mdx mice had 100% survival at study termination [not shown]

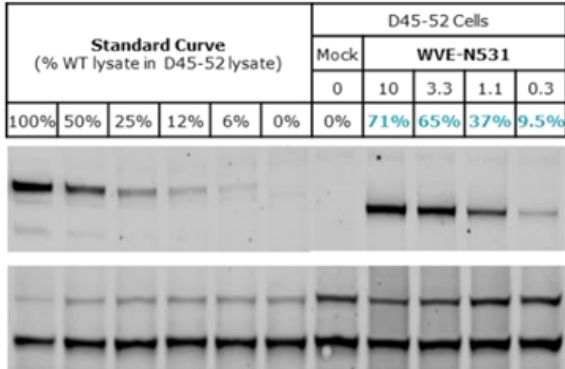
## Restored muscle and respiratory function to wild-type levels



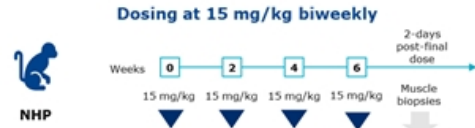
## PN chemistry improved function and survival in dKO mice

# Preclinical data supported advancing WVE-N531 to clinical development

## WVE-N531: Dystrophin restoration of up to 71% *in vitro*



## WVE-N531 reached high concentrations in heart and diaphragm in NHP



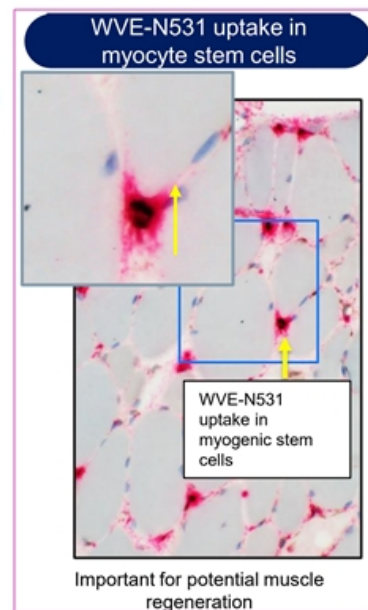
15 mg/kg* IV dose	Mean Tissue Concentration		
	Skeletal muscle	Diaphragm	Heart
	2.17 ug/g	10.8 ug/g	57.2 ug/g

\*approximately equivalent to 10 mg/kg in patients based on plasma AUC values



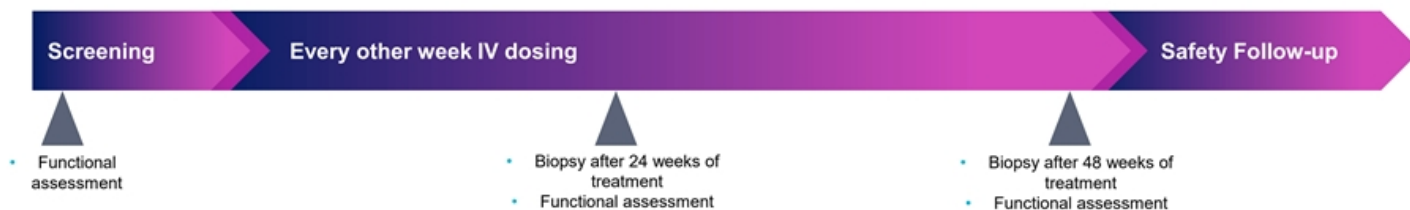
# Clinical data from WVE-N531 Part A: High exon-skipping & muscle concentrations after three doses every other week

	<b>suvodirsen</b>	<b>WVE-N531</b>
<b>Mean muscle concentration</b>	0.7 µg/g	<b>42 µg/g</b>
<b>Mean exon skipping</b>	Not detectable	<b>53%</b>
<b>Half-life in plasma</b>	18 hours	<b>25 days</b>
<b>Dose</b>	22 weekly doses of 5 mg/kg	<b>3 doses of 10 mg/kg every other week</b>



WVE-N531 data presented March 22, 2023 at Muscular Dystrophy Association Clinical and Scientific Conference; WVE-N531 biopsies collected ~2 weeks post-last dose (3 biweekly doses of 10 mg/kg) 42 µg/g = 6.1 µM; Suvodirsen biopsies collected post-last dose (weekly doses of 5 mg/kg) on week 22; Half-life as indicated by PK analysis; suvodirsen: discontinued first-generation non-PN chemistry compound; Right: Dual staining utilizing in-situ hybridization for WVE-N531 and PAX7 immunohistochemistry for stem cells. Suvodirsen N= 8; WVE-N531 N=3 boys

## Dosing underway in FORWARD-53, a potentially registrational Phase 2 clinical trial of WVE-N531 in DMD (Exon 53)

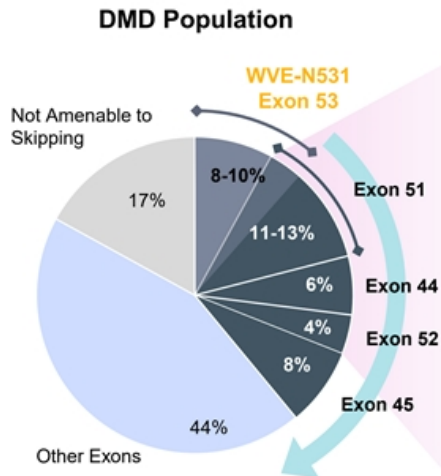


- Design of FORWARD-53: Phase 2, open-label, 10 mg/kg every other week
- Endpoints: Dystrophin (powered for >5% of normal), safety/tolerability, pharmacokinetics, digital and functional assessments (incl. NSAA and others)
- Muscle biopsies to assess dystrophin expression
- Fully enrolled and dosing underway

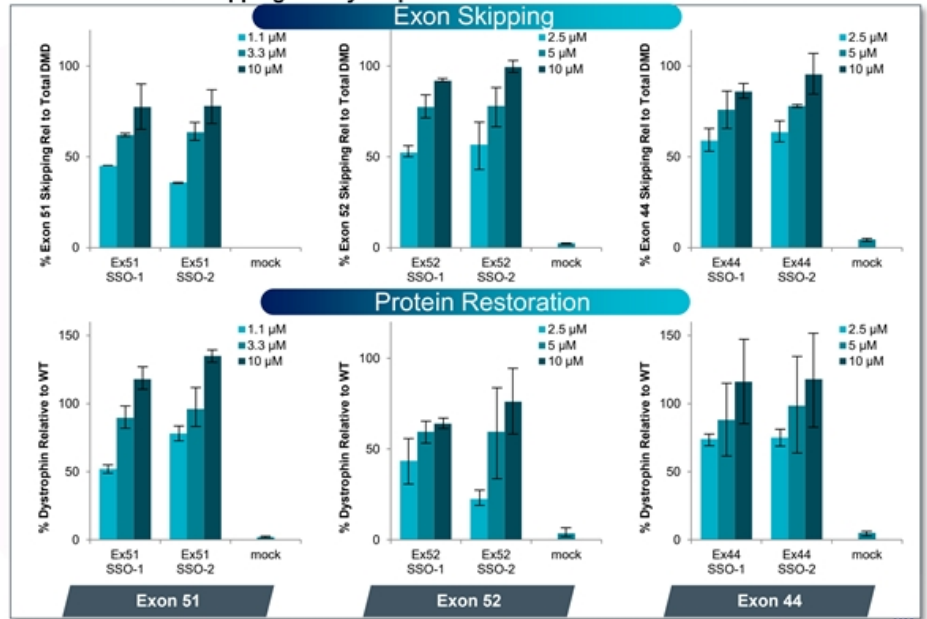


Potentially registrational 24-week dystrophin expression data are expected in 3Q 2024

# Potential for Wave to address up to 40% of DMD population



## Exon skipping and dystrophin restoration demonstrated *in vitro*

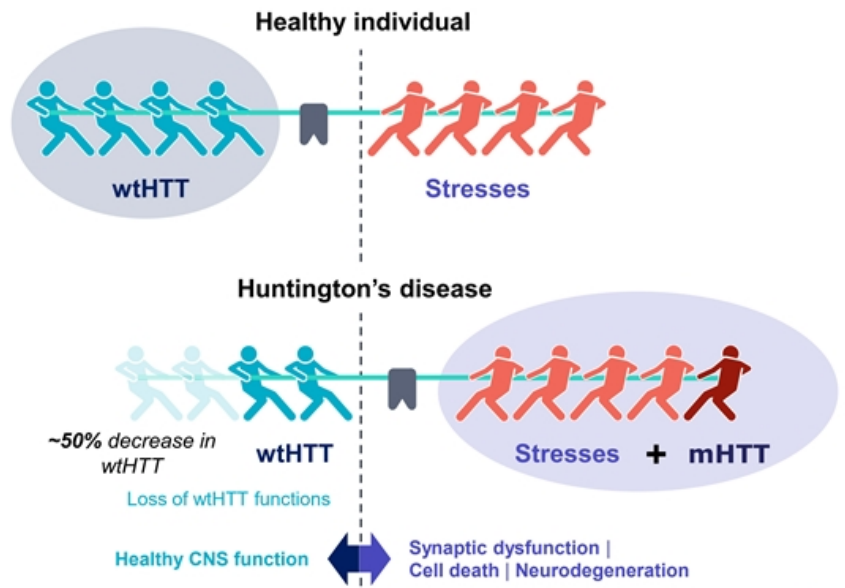


**WVE-003**  
**(antisense silencing)**  
Huntington's Disease

# mHTT toxic effects lead to neurodegeneration; loss of wtHTT functions may also contribute to HD

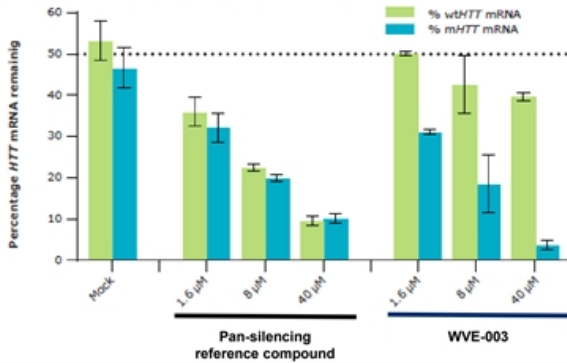
## Huntington's disease (HD)

- Wild-type HTT (wtHTT) is critical for normal neuronal function
- Expanded CAG triplet repeat in HTT gene results in production of mutant huntingtin protein (mHTT)
- HD is a monogenic autosomal dominant genetic disease; fully penetrant and affects entire brain
- Fatal disease characterized by cognitive decline, psychiatric illness, and chorea
- 30,000 people with HD in the US and more than 200,000 at risk of developing HD

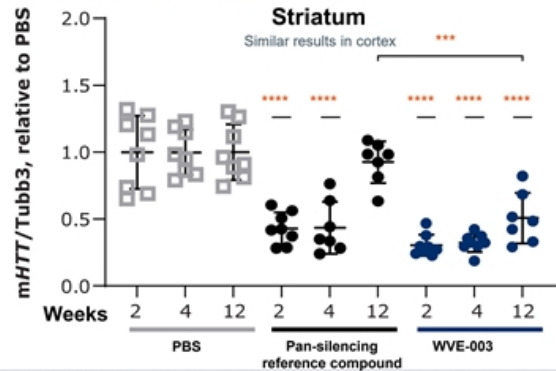


# WVE-003 (SNP3) demonstrates selective, potent, and durable reduction of mHTT in preclinical models

## Selectively reduces mHTT mRNA in HD iPSC neurons in vitro



## Durable striatal mHTT knockdown for 12 weeks in BACHD mouse model



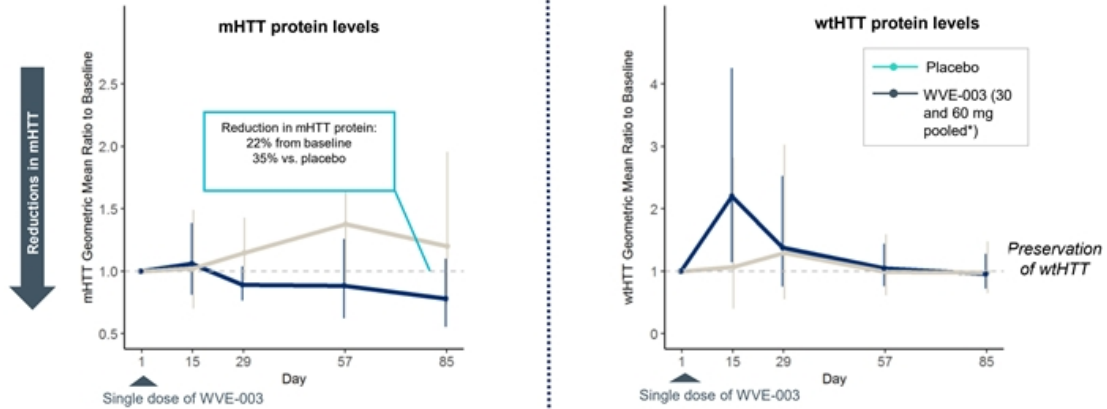
NHP study demonstrating significant tissue exposure levels of WVE-003 in deep brain regions resulted in \$7 million milestone payment from Takeda in 4Q 2023



Results from ND50036 iPSC-derived medium spiny neurons. Total HTT knockdown quantified by qPCR and normalized to HPRT1. Oligonucleotide or PBS [100 μg ICV injections through cannula on days 1, 3, 5] delivered to BACHD transgenic. Mean ± SD (n=8, \*P<0.0332, \*\*\*P<0.0002, \*\*\*\*P<0.0001 versus PBS unless otherwise noted). HPRT1, hypoxanthine-guanine phosphoribosyl transferase; iPSC, induced pluripotent stem cell; ICV, intracerebroventricular; PBS, phosphate-buffered saline

# WVE-003: First-in-class allele-selective candidate for HD

Reductions in mean CSF mHTT and preservation of wtHTT observed in pooled analysis of single-dose cohorts in SELECT-HD clinical study



Data from 30 mg multi-dose cohort with extended follow-up, along with all single-dose data, expected 2Q 2024



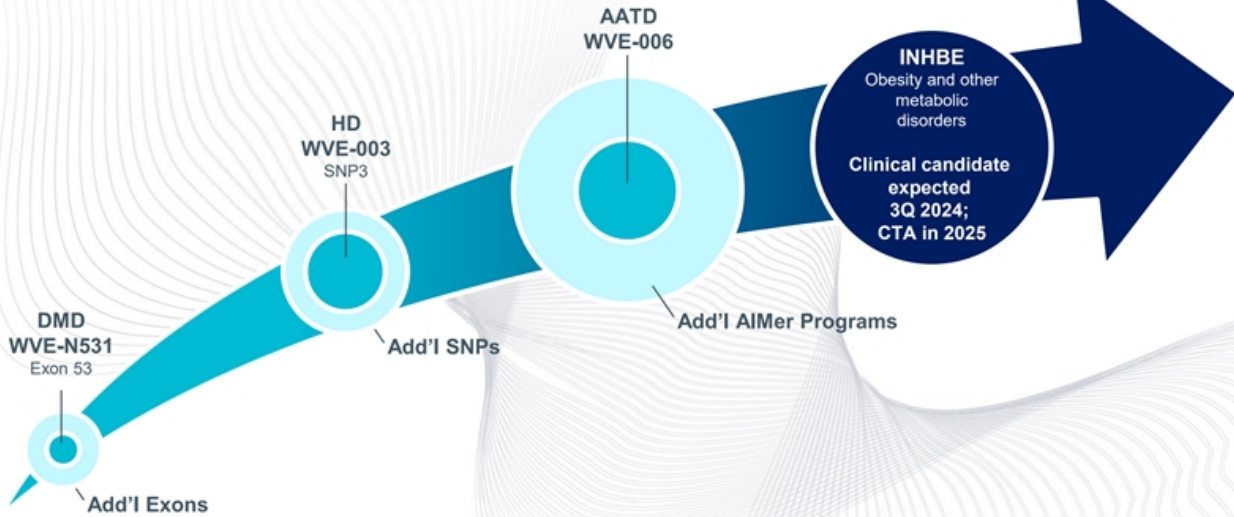
mHTT: mutant huntingtin protein; wtHTT: wild-type huntingtin protein  
\*Pooled considering no apparent dose response between 2 single-dose cohorts; Data cut-off: August 29, 2022



## Anticipated upcoming milestones



# Wave is poised for significant and sustained growth



Clinical data in 2024 and advancement of INHBE candidate unlock potential to address > 50M patients in US and Europe



Note: Bubble size illustrative of size of total addressable US market (assuming 100% share of addressable patients)

## Anticipated milestones in 2024 and beyond

<b>WVE-006 (AATD)</b> <i>Most advanced RNA editing candidate &amp; potential best-in-class approach for AATD</i>	<b>2024:</b> Deliver proof-of-mechanism data from RestorAATion clinical program
<b>INHBE Program (Obesity)</b> <i>Driven by clinical genetics, with potential to be next-generation therapeutic for obesity</i>	<b>3Q 2024:</b> Select INHBE clinical candidate <b>2025:</b> Submit a clinical trial application (CTA)
<b>WVE-N531 (DMD)</b> <i>Potential best-in-class approach with highest exon skipping reported</i>	<b>3Q 2024:</b> Deliver potentially registrational 24-week dystrophin expression data from FORWARD-53
<b>WVE-003 (HD)</b> <i>First-in-class mHTT lowering, wtHTT-sparing approach</i>	<b>2Q 2024:</b> Deliver data from 30 mg multi-dose cohort with extended follow up, along with all single-dose data

### Potential for significant cash inflows in 2024 from collaboration milestones from GSK and Takeda



AATD: Alpha-1 antitrypsin deficiency; DMD: Duchenne muscular dystrophy; HD: Huntington's disease; mHTT: Mutant huntingtin; wtHTT: Wild-type huntingtin

The logo features the word "WAVE" in a large, bold, white sans-serif font with a trademark symbol. Below it, "LIFE SCIENCES" is written in a smaller, white sans-serif font, separated by a thin white horizontal line. The tagline "Reimagine possible." is positioned below the line in the same white sans-serif font. The background is a dark blue gradient with a subtle wave pattern and a purple-to-pink gradient on the right side.

**WAVE**<sup>TM</sup>  
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